

RFC Dallas, Inc.

AIRCRAFT QUESTIONNAIRE

Version 1; April 18, 2017

Name: _____ Date: _____

Aircraft: Arrow Model: PA-28R-200

Registration Number: N1125T

Answer the following questions by using the information contained in this aircraft's Pilot's Operating Handbook, the current Weight and Balance supplement, placards affixed to the aircraft, the RFC Checklist, and the FARS/AIM. After being reviewed by a Club Checkout Instructor, this questionnaire must be submitted to the RFC Dallas Inc. Safety Officer before solo flights may be conducted.

1. What is the maximum allowable gross weight for this aircraft? _____ lbs.
2. What is the current basic empty weight and moment arm for this aircraft? _____ lbs., _____ inches.
3. How much additional payload weight can be carried assuming maximum fuel on board? _____ lbs.
4. At maximum gross weight, what is the forward C.G. limit? _____ inches.
5. At maximum gross weight, what is the rearward C.G. limit? _____ inches.
6. What is the maximum weight in the Baggage Compartment? _____ lbs.
7. The rated HP of the engine at 2700 RPM is: _____ HP?
8. What is the fuel capacity: a) Total _____ gals; b) Usable _____ gals.
9. What is the typical grade of aviation fuel approved for use in this aircraft? Octane _____ / Color _____
10. During the preflight inspection, there are _____ fuel drains to sump.
11. The proper main strut inflation should be _____ inches. The proper nose strut inflation should be _____ inches.
12. Upon an "Alternator Failure" condition, the pilot should:
 - a. _____
 - b. _____

- c. _____
- d. _____

13. The auxiliary fuel pump is used for:

- a. _____
- b. _____
- c. _____
- d. _____
- e. _____

14. What actions should be taken if “Loss of Fuel Flow/Pressure” occurs?

- a. _____
- b. _____
- c. _____

15. Starter cranking is limited to _____ seconds with _____ minute rest periods between cranking.

16. During the “warm up period” the engine should be at a minimum of _____ RPM and maximum of _____ RPM. The “warm up period” should be no longer than _____ minutes in warm weather, and _____ minutes in cold weather

17. Is it permissible to fly this aircraft into forecasted icing conditions?

18. What are the following speeds for this aircraft in KIAS MPH? (Gross weight, sea level, Gear Up, Flaps Up)

- | | |
|-----------------------|---|
| Vne _____ | Maximum Glide _____ |
| Vno _____ | Final Approach (40 deg Flaps) _____ |
| Vso _____ | Maximum demonstrated X-wind _____ (Kts) |
| Vfe _____ | |
| Vx _____ | |
| Vy _____ | |
| Vsi _____ | |
| Vlo _____ (Extension) | _____ (Retraction) |
| Vle _____ | |
| Va _____ (max gross) | |

19. The stall warning horn activates between _____ and _____ knots above the stall.
20. During a Short Field takeoff, the flaps should be lowered to the _____ notch which is _____ degrees? Rotate speed is _____ MPH?
21. If the Panel Light rheostat Switch is in the “ON” position how does that effect the Landing Gear Position Indicator Lights? _____.
22. N1125T is equipped with a back-up landing gear extender, that automatically extends the landing gear at certain flight conditions (True / False)? _____.
23. Where is the ELT located? _____; can it be activated from the cockpit (Yes / No)?
24. What is the power off stall speed with flaps 40°, maximum gross weight, gear down, and a 40° angle of bank? _____ KIAS MPH?
25. What are the first five steps in the emergency procedure for an in-flight engine fire?
- _____
 - _____
 - _____
 - _____
 - _____
26. The engine induction Alternate Air source in this aircraft is: (Automatic / Manual / Both) _____?
27. What is the approximate short field takeoff distance (over a 50’ obstacle) under the following conditions: Takeoff weight: 2650lbs, Obstacle: 50 ft., Flaps: 25°, Power: Full Throttle, Temperature: +25° C, Pressure Altitude: 1,500 ft.? _____ ft.
28. The normal flap setting for short-field take-off is _____ degrees. Rotate speed is _____ MPH?
29. What is the expected Gear UP Rate of Climb under the following conditions: Takeoff weight: 2650lbs, Power: Full Throttle, 100 MPH CAS,

Temperature: +27° C, Pressure Altitude: 2000 ft.? _____ ft/min.

30. What is the approximate landing distance (over a 50' obstacle) under the following conditions: Landing weight: 2650lbs, Flaps: 40°, Power: Off, Temperature: +35° C, Pressure Altitude: 1,000 ft.; Max Braking? _____ ft.

31. What is the Best Glide Configuration of this aircraft at 2750lbs? Gear: _____, Flaps: _____, Prop: _____, Cowl Flaps: _____, Airspeed: _____ MPH.

32. When transitioning to a balked landing from a normal landing configuration, the flaps should initially be retracted to _____ notch or _____ degrees.

33. When configuring the aircraft for landing, should carburetor heat be used? (Yes / No) _____ Why? _____

34. During the pre-takeoff engine run-up, the power should be set to _____ RPM. As each magneto is individually selected, the maximum allowable drop is _____ RPM. The difference between the left and right magneto RPM drop must not exceed _____ RPM. May the pilot initiate a takeoff if these values are slightly exceeded? (Yes/No) _____

35. When should the landing gear be retracted after takeoff?
a. _____
b. _____

36. What is the indication that the landing gear has been fully retracted?

37. What are all the indications that the landing gear has been fully extended?

- a. _____
- b. _____
- c. _____
- d. _____
- e. _____

38. The landing gear handle is which of the following?

- a. A valve which directs hydraulic pressure to the landing gear actuators
- b. An electric switch that activates a reversible hydraulic pump
- c. A mechanical linkage to the landing gear drive clutch mechanism

39. Which of the following methods holds the landing gear in the retracted position?

- a. Mechanical locks
- b. Electrical locks
- c. Hydraulic pressure

40. During NORMAL landing gear operations, the Emergency Gear Extension Lever should be in the _____ position.

41. In the event of an electrical system failure, the landing gear may be extended using which of the following alternative methods?

- a. Moving the landing gear handle to the down position, as it is not part of the aircraft electrical circuit
- b. Pressurizing the hydraulic system using the Emergency gear extension hand pump lever
- c. Holding the Emergency gear lever in the “down” position to release hydraulic pressure allowing the gear to extend

42. The battery is _____ volts; the alternator produces _____ volts.

43. Tire pressure for the Main tires is _____ psi; the Nose tire is _____ psi.

44. Given the following aircraft loading criteria:

Pilot.	170 lbs
Copilot	150 lbs
Rear Pax	115 lbs
Baggage	50 lbs
Fuel	Full

The Gross Weight is _____ lbs.

The C.G. is _____ inches aft of datum.

Is the aircraft loaded within allowable weight limits? _____

Is the aircraft loaded within allowable C.G. limits? _____

Work Area:

45. Given the loading scenario from the previous question, adding another rear pax weighing 110 lbs. will cause:
- a. The aircraft's rearward C.G. limit to be exceeded
 - b. The aircraft's forward C.G. limit to be exceeded.
 - c. The aircraft's maximum gross weight to be exceeded.
 - d. The aircraft to be within weight and C.G. limits.
46. To preflight the S-Tec autopilot, which of the following is NOT part of the mandatory pre-flight checks? (circle all that apply):
- a. Trim control switch check
 - b. On-Off switch check
 - c. Overpower check
 - d. Alternator off / Internal battery check
 - e. Heading mode check
47. If the autopilot system fails, or performs unexpectedly, the proper action is to:
- a. _____
 - b. _____
 - c. _____
48. The GPS units in this aircraft is WAAS capable and support LPV approaches (TRUE / FALSE)?
49. For the autopilot to receive GPS course guidance information from the G750 or G430, the autopilot must be in _____ mode, and the selected GPS must be in _____ mode.
50. To fly the ILS 15 approach into KADS, the pilot must ensure that the GPS unit providing the ILS/NAV signal is set to _____ mode.
51. The Nexrad radar available on the G750 can be used to circumnavigate squall line thunderstorms with precise accuracy, and can thus be used for flight planning in adverse convective conditions (True/False)
52. If the GPS devices installed on this aircraft enter "Loss of Integrity" mode (LOI) what is the correct action?

- a. Continue to navigate by use of the moving map, as the aircraft position will be calculated through the GPS via “dead reckoning” methods.
- b. Continue to navigate by use of the CDI, however moving map aircraft position is unreliable
- c. Revert to an alternate means of navigation until GPS information signal is restored

53. During a GPS LPV approach, if GPS accuracy requirements are not met by the GPS receiver, and the unit annunciates a change from your ‘LPV’ approach to ‘LNAV’, what action must be taken?

- a. Continue to fly the approach, however only to LNAV minimums
- b. Abandon the approach immediately, the GPS unit may not be used to transmit GPS nor NAV frequency data
- c. You may continue to fly the approach to the LPV minimums on the published approach

54. During which phases of flight should the cowl flaps be open?

- a. _____
- b. _____
- c. _____
- d. _____

55. During which phases of flight should the cowl flaps be closed?

- a. _____
- b. _____
- c. _____
- d. _____

56. What is the maximum cylinder head temperature for high-performance cruise operations? _____ degrees C What is the club’s recommended maximum cylinder head temperature? _____ degrees C

57. For engine/cylinder cooling purposes, the cowl flaps and climb rate/airspeed can be used in conjunction with which gauge?

58. According to FAR 91.7, who is responsible for determining whether the aircraft is in condition for safe flight? _____

REVIEWED BY: _____
A/C check out completed

DATE: _____